

Rolling Plan for the Republic of Botswana

September-23

Basic Policy of Assistance	Assistance for Industrial Diversification and Poverty Reduction
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Priority Area 1	Improvement of Environment for Industrial Diversification
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	<p>【Background and current situation】 Since its independence in 1966, Botswana has achieved steady growth owing to the development of mineral resources, specifically diamonds, and is classified as an upper middle-income country with its per capita GNI of US\$7,350 in 2022. The Government of Botswana, under VISION 2036, is currently working towards moving away from being economy dependent on the diamond industry and developing knowledge-based industries, while prioritizing the promotion of industrial diversification, human resources development, social development, sustainable use of natural resources, improving the efficiency of the public sector in charge of these policies and enhancing the capacity of the public sector to implement and manage these policies as priority areas in its successive National Development Plans.</p>	<p>【Strategy】 Japan will cooperate in the development of economic infrastructure, essential for industrial diversification (in sectors such as mining, transport, energy, agriculture and tourism), and in the creation of an enabling environment for sustainable development through DX and Green Transformation (GX).</p>
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Development Issue 1-1	Japan's assistance Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
					Before JFY 2022	JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027			
Support for Sustainable Infrastructure Development	Program for to strengthening Infrastructure	Develop the foundations for industrial diversification through the development of both hard and soft infrastructure.	Kazungula Bridge Construction Project	LA	■						87.35	9	
			Data Collection Survey for Corridor Development	BIS	■							9	
			The Project for Capacity Development for OSBP Operation on the North-South Transport Corridor	TCDP	■■■■■						6.27	9	Total amount for both Botswana and Zambia
			Promoting digitization	TR	■■■■■							9	
			Advisory Services for Promoting Private Sector Investment in Africa's Renewable Energy (Regional)	EXP		■■■■■■■■						7,9	
			Training in Renewable Energy Sector	TR		■■■■■						7,9	

Priority Area 2	Poverty Reduction and Betterment of Quality of Life															
Development Issues 2-1 Reduction of Disparities and improvement of Quality of Life	[Background and current situation] Although the Government of Botswana actively places public investment in the health and education sectors, the country faces challenges in improving quality of life, enhancing its health care system, including its response to the high rate of HIV/AIDS morbidity, and sustainable resource management. On the other hand, the vulnerability of Botswana's economy and society has become apparent due to COVID-9 and the Ukrainian crisis, in early 2020, making it difficult for the Government to address these challenges.					[Strategy] In order to reduce economic disparities and inequalities in basic social services caused by rapid economic growth, geographical factors and others, Japan will support poverty reduction and quality of life through community development, improvement of healthcare systems, provision of educational opportunities and empowerment of women exposed to violence (GBV) and vulnerable groups in society.										
	Japan's assistance Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	備考			
					Before JFY 2022	JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027						
	Program for the Improvement of the Standard of Living for the underprivileged Community	The project supports the improvement of basic social services and the quality of life in underprivileged communities by improving their livelihood capacities, improving the environment and human resource development in the fields of education, social welfare, public health, culture and sports promotion, etc.	Economic and Social Development Program	GA	■	■						5.00	1, 2	農業機材		
			JOCV in Basic Education, Youth, Welfare, Sports, Community Development, Food and Nutrition	JOCV	■	■								4		
			Third Country Training Program in Zambia, Improvement of Pedagogical Content Knowledge of Mathematics and Science Educators in SMASE AFRICA	TTR	■	■	■								4	
			GGP in Education and Social Welfare	GA	■	■	■						0.17	4	2022年度実績	
			Training in Health, Medical Equipment Management and Maintenance	TR	■	■								3		
			Strengthening of the Vaccine Cold Chain System in Botswana	ML	■	■							0.70	3	UNICEF	
			Enabling Continuity of Essential Nutrition and Child Protection Services to Vulnerable Children during COVID-19	ML	■	■							0.37	3,10	UNICEF	
Program for Sustainable Environment Management	Promote sustainable use of natural resources and livelihood-enhancing activities by local people and contribute to the creation of a society in which ecosystems and human activities are in harmony.	Project for Capacity Development for the Conservation and Sustainable Use of Forest and Range Resources through the Process of Master Plan Development	TCDP	■	■	■					4.53	13,15				
		Training in Natural Environment Conservation	TR	■									12,13			
		JOCV in Environment Management	JOCV	■	■	■							12,13			

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [DD] = Detailed Design, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [ICT] = In-Country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [JPP] = JICA Partnership Program, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [PCP-TC] = Private Companies Proposed-Technical Cooperation, [GA] = Grant Aid, [FA]=Food Aid, [CGA]=Cultural Grant Assistance, [GCGP]=Grant Assistance for Cultural Grassroots Projects, [EGA]=Emergency Grant Aid, [GANP]=Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects, [GGP]=Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects, [LA] = Loan Aid (ODA Loan), [DCS] = Data collection Survey, [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, [SME PPS]=Small and Medium-Sized Enterprise (SME) Partnership Promotion Survey, [SDGs BMFS]=SDGs Business Model Formulation Survey with the Private Sector, [SDGs BVS]=SDGs Business Verification Survey with the Private Sector, Solid Line [———] = Schedule, Dash Line [- - - -] = Tentative Schedule

[SDGs Goals Targets]: 1[No Poverty], 2[Zero Hunger], 3[Good Health and Well-Being], 4[Quality Education], 5[Gender Equality], 6[Clean Water and Sanitation], 7[Affordable and Clean Energy], 8[Decent Work and Economic Growth], 9[Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure], 10[Reduced Inequalities], 11[Sustainable Cities and Communities], 12[Responsible Consumption and Production], 13[Climate Action], 14[Life Below Water], 15[Life on Land], 16[Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions], 17[Partnerships for the Goals]

[Outline of SDGs]: https://www.mofa.go.jp/policy/oda/sdgs/index.html#about_sdgs